CONSOLIDATED APPROVAL

In the Land and Environment Court of New South Wales

No. 10801 of 2007

Gerroa Environmental Protection Society Applicant

Minister for Planning First Respondent

Cleary Bros (Bombo) Pty Ltd Second Respondent

Order

The Court makes the following orders:

1. The appeal is upheld.

2. Approval is granted to application 05/0099 for extraction and processing operations on land comprising Lot A DP 185785 and part of the land in Certificate of Title Vol 5841 Folio 139 subject to the conditions in Annexure A.

Exhibits may be returned.

3.

Ordered: 2 September 2008



IN THE LAND AND ENVIRONMENT COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES

No. 10801 of 2007

GERROA ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION SOCIETY INC Applicant

MINISTER FOR PLANNING First Respondent

CLEARY BROS (BOMBO) PTY LTD Second Respondent

CONSOLIDATED CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

25 August 2008

Modification 1 in blue

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DEFINITIONS	3
ADMINISTRATIVE	5
Obligation to Minimise Harm to the Environment Terms of Approval Limits on Approval Demolition Surrender of Consents Operation of Plant and Equipment Section 94 Contributions	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE	7
General Extraction and Processing Provisions Noise Air Quality Criteria Surface and Ground Water Landscape Management Aboriginal Heritage Traffic and Transport Visual Waste Management Emergency and Hazards Management Production Data	7 7 8 9 12 16 17 17 17 18 18
ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES	19
Notification of Landowners Independent Review	19 19
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, MONITORING, REPORTING & AUDITING	20
Environmental Management Plan Environmental Monitoring Program Incident Reporting Annual Report Independent Environmental Audit Community Consultative Committee Access to Information	20 20 21 21 21 21 22 23
APPENDIX 1: VEGETATION MANAGEMENT AREAS AND SITE PLAN	24
APPENDIX 2: STATEMENT OF COMMITMENTS	26
APPENDIX 3: COMPENSATORY PLANTING	28
APPENDIX 4: VEGETATION CONSERVATION AREA	29
APPENDIX 5: REHABILITATION OBJECTIVES	30
APPENDIX 6: PLANT SPECIES	31
APPENDIX 7: DECC LETTER	32
APPENDIX 8: ARCHAEOLOGICAL AREAS	39
APPENDIX 9: INDEPENDENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS APPENDIX 10: FLOOD MITIGATION BUNDS	41 42

DEFINITIONS

Aboriginal object / Aboriginal place

AEP **Annual Review**

BCD

CCC **Compensatory Planting**

Conditions of this approval **Conservation Area**

Construction

Department **DPI-Fisheries**

DPE Water EA

East-West Link EMP Environment

FPA EP&A Act **EP&A Regulation** EPL

Extraction and processing operations

Extraction Area

Feasible Heritage Item

Heritage NSW Incident

KMC

Has the same meaning as the definition in section 5 of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 Annual exceedance probability Annual Review as required under condition 4 of Schedule 5 of this approval Biodiversity Conservation and Sciences Directorate, within **Environment and Heritage** Community Consultative Committee The Compensatory Planting marked 2A.1, 2A.2, 2A.3, 2B.1, 2B.2, 2C.1, 2C.2, 2D, 2E, 5C.1 on the figure in Appendix 3 Conditions contained in Schedules 2 to 5 The Vegetation Conservation Area shown in the figure in Appendix 4 All physical works to enable quarrying operations to be carried out, including demolition and removal of buildings or works, and erection of buildings, structures and other infrastructure permitted by this approval Department of Planning and Environment Fisheries Branch of the NSW Department of Primary Industries The water group within the Department Environmental Assessment for the project titled Gerroa Sand Quarry Proposed Extension Environmental Assessment Volumes 1 and 2, prepared by Perram & Partners and dated October 2006; as modified by: Environmental Assessment for Modification 1 titled Gerroa Sand Quarry Gerroa Sand Quarry Modification prepared by Cardno and dated May 2018, including the Proponent's Response to Submissions and additional information provided by the Proponent dated 14 December 2018, 16 August 2019, 29 November 2019, 31 January 2020, 23 November 2020 and 12 February 2021 Area shown cross-hatched on the figure in Appendix 3 **Environmental Management Plan** Includes all aspects of the surroundings of humans, whether affecting any human as an individual or in his or her social groupings NSW Environment Protection Authority Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 Environment Protection Licence issued under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 The extraction, processing, stockpiling and transportation of extractive materials carried out on the site and the associated removal of vegetation, topsoil and overburden The extraction area as shown in the figures in Appendix 1 and confirmed by conditions 1 and 1A of Schedule 3 Means what is possible and practical in the circumstances An Aboriginal object, an Aboriginal place, or a place, building, work, relic, moveable object, tree or precinct of heritage significance, that is listed under any of the following: the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974; the State Heritage Register under the Heritage Act 1977: a state agency heritage and conservation register under section 170 of the Heritage Act 1977; a Local Environmental Plan under the EP&A Act; the World Heritage List; the National Heritage List or Commonwealth Heritage List under the EPBC Act; or

anything identified as a heritage item under the conditions of this approval.

Heritage NSW within the Department

An occurrence or set of circumstances that causes or threatens to cause material harm and which may or may not be or cause a non-compliance **Kiama Municipal Council**

Land

Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan

Material harm

MEG Minimise

Minister Modification 1 – Extraction Area

National Park Non-compliance

Northern Corridor Planning Secretary POEO Act Privately owned land

Project

Project Area

Proponent Reasonable

Registered Aboriginal Parties

Rehabilitation

Relevant Agencies Residence

SCC Site

SSF Statement of Commitments Southern Rehabilitation Area TfNSW Land means the whole of a lot, or contiguous lots owned by the same landowner, in a current plan registered at the Land Titles Office at the date of this approval

The Plan approved by the Planning Secretary under condition 21

Is harm to the environment that:

- involves actual or potential harm to the health or safety of human beings or to the environment that is not trivial; or
- results in actual or potential loss or property damage of an amount, or amounts in aggregate, exceeding \$10,000, (such loss includes the reasonable costs and expenses that would be incurred in taking all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent, mitigate or make good harm to the environment)

This definition excludes "harm" that is authorised under either this approval or any other statutory approval

Regional NSW - Mining, Exploration and Geoscience Implement all reasonable and feasible mitigation measures

to reduce the impacts of the project Minister for Planning or delegate

The new extraction area approved by Modification 1 and shown in Appendix 1 (Figure 2) and confirmed by condition 1 and 1A of Schedule 3.

Seven Mile Beach National Park

An occurrence, set of circumstances or development that is a breach of this approval

Area shown stippled on the figure in Appendix 3

Secretary of the Department, or nominee

Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 Land not owned by a public agency or the Proponent or its

related companies

The extension and continued operation of the Gerroa Sand Quarry as described in the EA

As defined in Vegetation Management Area and Site Plan shown in the figures in Appendix 1 including the Modification 1 – Extraction Area

Cleary Bros (Bombo) Pty Ltd, or its successors

Means applying judgement in arriving at a decision, taking into account: mitigation benefits, costs of mitigation versus benefits provided, community views, and the nature and extent of potential improvements

Means the Registered Aboriginal Parties for the project who were determined in accordance with the *National Parks and Wildlife Regulation 2019*

The restoration of land disturbed by the project to a good condition, to ensure it is safe, stable and non-polluting DPE Water, EPA, BCD, SCC and KMC

Existing or approved dwelling at the date of grant of this approval

Shoalhaven City Council Land to which the project application applies

Swamp Sclerophyll Forest vegetation The commitments in Appendix 2 Zones 1.2, 1.3 and 2A.2 on the figure in Appendix 3 Transport for NSW

SCHEDULE 2 ADMINISTRATIVE

Obligation to Minimise Harm to the Environment

1. The Proponent shall implement all practicable measures to prevent or minimise any harm to the environment that may result from the construction, operation, or rehabilitation of the project.

Terms of Approval

- 2. The Proponent shall carry out the project in accordance with the:
 - (a) EA;
 - (b) Statement of Commitments; and
 - (c) conditions of this approval.

Note: The layout of the project is shown in the figure in Appendix 1.

- 3. If there is any inconsistency between the EA, Statement of Commitments and conditions of this approval, the conditions shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- 4. The Proponent shall comply with any reasonable requirement/s of the Planning Secretary arising from the Department's assessment of:
 - (a) any reports, plans, programs or correspondence that are submitted in accordance with this approval; and
 - (b) the implementation of any actions or measures contained in these reports, plans, programs or correspondence.

Limits on Approval

- 5. Extraction and processing operations may take place until 31 July 2038.
- 5A. Under this approval, the Proponent is required to rehabilitate the site to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. Consequently this approval will continue to apply in all other respects other than the right to conduct extraction and processing operations until the site has been rehabilitated to a satisfactory standard. Inter alia, to avoid doubt, the site has not been rehabilitated to a satisfactory standard unless conditions 16 and 17 of Schedule 3 of this approval have been complied with.
- 6. The Proponent shall not transport more than 80,000 tonnes of product from the site in a year.
 - Note: This condition applies to the combined production of quarry products from the existing quarry and the quarry extension, and does not include the ancillary extractive material that would be imported onto the site and dispatched with the quarry's products.

Surrender of Consents

7. Within 3 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall surrender all existing development consents associated with the Gerroa Sand Quarry, in accordance with clause 97 of the EP&A Regulation.

Note: This approval will apply to all phases and components of the quarry from the date of this approval.

Operation of Plant and Equipment

- 8. The Proponent shall ensure that all plant and equipment used at the site is:
 - (a) maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - (b) operated in a proper and efficient condition.

Section 94 Contributions

- 9. The Proponent shall pay a contribution of:
 - (a) 30 cents per tonne of material hauled from the site to SCC; and
 - (b) 20 cents per tonne of material hauled from the site to KMC,

for the maintenance/repair of public roads, to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

Note: These contribution rates shall be paid and indexed in accordance with the applicable Contributions Plan.

Notification of Commencement

- 10. The Department must be notified in writing of the date of commencement of any of the following phases of the development, at least two weeks before that date:
 - (a) extraction and processing operations associated with the Modification 1 Extraction Area;
 - (b) cessation of extraction and processing operations (i.e. quarry closure); and

(c) any period of suspension of extraction and processing operations greater than 12 months (i.e. care and maintenance).

Staging, Combining and Updating Strategies, Plans or Programs

- 11. With the approval of the Planning Secretary, the Proponent may:
 - (a) prepare and submit any strategy, plan or program required by this approval on a staged basis (if a clear description is provided as to the specific stage and scope of the development to which the strategy, plan or program applies, the relationship of the stage to any future stages and the trigger for updating the strategy, plan or program);
 - (b) combine any strategy, plan or program required by this approval (if a clear relationship is demonstrated between the strategies, plans or programs that are proposed to be combined);
 - (c) update any strategy, plan or program required by this approval (to ensure the strategies, plans and programs required under this approval are updated on a regular basis and incorporate additional measures or amendments to improve the environmental performance of the project); and
 - (d) combine any strategy, plan or program required by this approval with any similar strategy, plan or program required by an adjoining quarrying consent or approval, in common ownership or management.
- 12. If the Planning Secretary agrees, a strategy, plan or program may be staged without addressing particular requirements of the relevant condition of this approval if those requirements are not applicable to the particular stage.
- 13. If the Planning Secretary agrees, a strategy, plan or program may be staged or updated without consultation being undertaken with all parties required to be consulted in the relevant condition in this approval.

Application of Existing Strategies, Plans or Programs

14. The Proponent must continue to apply existing management plans, strategies or monitoring programs required under this approval prior to the approval, until the approval of a similar plan, strategy or program following the approval of Modification 1.

Compliance

15. The Proponent must ensure that all of its employees, contractors (and their sub-contractors) are made aware of, and are instructed to comply with, the conditions of this approval relevant to activities they carry out in respect of the project.

Applicability of Guidelines

- 16. References in the conditions of this approval to any guideline, protocol, Australian Standard or policy are as at the date of inclusion in the condition.
- 17. However, consistent with the conditions of this approval and without altering any limits or criteria in this approval, the Planning Secretary may, in respect of ongoing monitoring and management obligations, agree to or require compliance with an updated or revised version of such a guideline, protocol, Standard or policy, or a replacement of them.

SCHEDULE 3 ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

GENERAL EXTRACTION AND PROCESSING PROVISIONS

Identification of Boundaries

- 1. Within 3 months of the date of this approval and following any subsequent modification to this approval under the EP&A Act, or as otherwise agreed by the Planning Secretary, the Proponent shall.
 - (a) engage an independent registered surveyor to survey the boundaries of the approved limit of extraction, shown in Appendix 1;
 - (b) submit a survey plan of these boundaries and their GPS coordinates to the Planning Secretary; and
 - (c) ensure that these boundaries are clearly marked at all times in a permanent manner that allows operating staff and inspecting officers to clearly identify those limits.
 - Note: The limit of extraction, defined as the Extraction Area, is shown conceptually on the plans in Appendix 1.

NOISE

Noise Impact Assessment Criteria

2. The Proponent shall ensure that the noise generated by the project does not exceed the noise impact assessment criteria in Table 1 at any residence on privately-owned land:

Location	Criterion
	LAeq (15 min) dB(A)
670 Beach Road	41
11 Bangarrai Street	40
Seven Mile Beach Holiday Park	36
Picnic Area 1	40
Picnic Area 2	40
Athelstane	40
Any other residential receiver	40

Table 1: Noise impact assessment criteria

- 2A. Noise generated by the project must be monitored and measured in accordance with the relevant procedures and exemptions (including certain meteorological conditions) of the *NSW Noise Policy for Industry* (EPA, 2017).
- 2B. The noise criteria in Table 1 do not apply if the Proponent has an agreement with the owner/s of the relevant residence or land to exceed the noise criteria, and the Proponent has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

Hours of Operation

- 3. The project shall only operate:
 - (a) between 7.00am and 6.00pm Monday to Friday;
 - (b) between 7.00am and 1.00pm on Saturdays; and
 - (c) at no time on Sundays or Public Holidays.

Noise Operating Conditions

- 4. The Proponent must:
 - take all reasonable steps to minimise noise from construction and operational activities, including low frequency noise and other audible characteristics, as well as road noise associated with the project;
 - (b) implement reasonable and feasible noise attenuation measures on all plant and equipment that will operate in noise sensitive areas;
 - (c) take all reasonable steps to minimise the noise impacts of the project during noise-enhancing meteorological conditions;
 - (d) carry out regular attended noise monitoring to determine whether the project is complying with the relevant conditions of this approval; and
 - (e) regularly assess the noise monitoring data and modify or stop operations on the site to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this approval.

Noise Management Plan

- 4A. The Proponent must prepare a Noise Management Plan for the project and submit it to Planning Secretary for approval prior to extraction and processing operations within the Modification 1 – Extraction Area. This plan must:
 - (a) be prepared in consultation with EPA, by a suitably qualified and experienced person/s whose appointment has been endorsed by the Planning Secretary;
 - (b) describe the noise management measures to be implemented to ensure:
 - i. compliance with the noise criteria and operating conditions in this approval;
 - ii. noise impacts of the project are minimised during noise-enhancing meteorological conditions;
 - (c) include a monitoring program that:
 - i. is capable of evaluating the performance of the project against the noise criteria;
 - ii. monitors noise at the nearest and/or most affected residences or other representative monitoring locations set out in the Noise Management Plan; and
 - iii. include a protocol for identifying any noise-related exceedance, incident or non-compliance and notifying the Department and the EPA of any such event; and
 - (d) be implemented as approved by the Planning Secretary.

Air Quality Criteria

5. The Proponent must ensure that particulate matter emissions generated by the project do not cause exceedances of the criteria in Table 2 at any residence on privately-owned land.

Table 2: Air quality criteria

Pollutant	Averaging period	Crite	rion
° Deposited dust	Annual	^b 2 g/m²/month	^a 4 g/m²/month

Notes:

a Total impact (i.e. incremental increase in concentrations due to the project plus background concentrations due to all other sources).

b Incremental impact (i.e. incremental increase in concentrations due to the project on its own).

c Deposited dust is to be assessed as insoluble solids as defined by Standards Australia, AS/NZS 3580.10.1:2003: Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Ambient Air - Determination of Particulate Matter - Deposited Matter - Gravimetric Method.

- 6. The air quality criteria in Table 2 do not apply if the Proponent has an agreement with the owner/s of the relevant residence or infrastructure to exceed the air quality criteria, and the Proponent has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.
- 7. The Proponent must:
 - (a) take all reasonable steps to:
 - i. minimise odour, fume and dust emissions of the project:
 - ii. minimise visible off-site air pollution generated by the project; and
 - iii. minimise the extent of potential dust generating surfaces exposed on the site;
 - (b) minimise the air quality impacts of the project during adverse meteorological conditions and extraordinary events; and
 - (c) regularly assess meteorological and air quality monitoring data and relocate, modify or stop operations on the site to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this approval.

Air Quality Management Plan

- 8. The Proponent must prepare an Air Quality Management Plan for the project and submit it to the Planning Secretary for approval prior to activities taking place in the Modification 1 Extraction Area. The plan must:
 - (a) be prepared in consultation with EPA and by a suitably qualified and experienced person/s whose appointment has been endorsed by the Planning Secretary;
 - (b) describe the measures to be implemented to ensure:
 - i. compliance with the air quality criteria and operating conditions in this approval; and
 ii. air quality impacts of the project are minimised during adverse meteorological conditions and extraordinary events;
 - (c) include air quality monitoring procedures that can:
 - i. identify project related air quality- exceedance(s), incident or non-compliance; and
 - ii. notify the Department the EPA of any such event detailed in condition 8 c) i., above; and
 - (d) be implemented as approved by the Planning Secretary.

SURFACE AND GROUND WATER

Discharges

9 The Proponent shall not discharge any water from the quarry or its associated operations except for the purpose of restoring normal pond level after significant rainfall. Any such discharge shall be in accordance with an EPL.

Water Supply

- 9A. The Proponent must ensure that it has sufficient water allocation for all stages of the project and if necessary, adjust the scale of its water extraction so its within its available water allocation.
- 9B. The Proponent must report on water extracted from the site each year (direct and indirect) in the Annual Review, including water taken under each water licence.

Note: Under the Water Act 1912 and/or the Water Management Act 2000, the Proponent is required to obtain all necessary water licences for the project.

Flood Management

- 9C. Prior to any construction or extraction and processing operations within the Modification 1 Extraction Area, the Proponent must provide the Planning Secretary with the detailed design of the flood mitigation bunds shown conceptually in Appendix 10, to demonstrate that the flood mitigation bunds can prevent inundation of the Modification 1 Extraction Area from a flood of 1% AEP with 0.5 m freeboard.
- 9D. Within three years of commencing extraction and processing operations within Modification 1 Extraction Area, and every three years thereafter up until the year 2038, the Proponent must engage a suitably qualified person, approved by the Planning Secretary, to review the design of the bunds taking into consideration the on-site hydrological data, relevant metrological and climate data to determine if the heights of the bunds needed to be adjusted to prevent flood waters mixing with Modification 1 – Extraction Area pond water and discharging uncontrolled into the receiving environment.
- 9E. The Proponent must progressively construct the flood mitigation bunds detailed in condition 9C and shown in Appendix 10 and adjust the heights if required by condition 9D. The Proponent must regularly maintain and monitor the stability of the flood mitigation bunds throughout the extraction, rehabilitation and closure phases of quarry operations.

Water Quality Objectives

10. Unless otherwise approved by the Planning Secretary, the Applicant shall aim to meet the water quality objectives in Table 3 for water in the Extraction Area dredge pond and in ground water adjacent the Extraction Area dredge pond.

Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Water Quality Objective
Turbidity	NTU	1-20
рН	рН	6- 8.5
Salinity	μS/cm	<1,500
Dissolved oxygen	mg/L (saturation)	>6 (>80-110%)
Total phosphorus	µg/L	<30
Total nitrogen	μg/L	<350
Chorophyll-a	μg/L	<5
Faecal coliforms	Median No./100mL	<1000
Enterococci	Median No./100mL	<230
Algae and blue-green algae	No.cells/mL	<15,000
Sodium	mg/L	<400
Potassium ion	mg/L	<50
Magnesium ion	mg/L	<50
Chloride ion	mg/L	<300
Sulphate ion	mg/L	<250

Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Water Quality Objective
Bicarbonate ion	mg/L	<750
Soluble Iron ion	mg/L	<6
Total Ammonium-N	μg/L	<20

Table 3: Water Quality Objectives

Notes:

- The objectives for dissolved oxygen, turbidity and algae are relevant to surface water only;
- The Department acknowledges that short term exceedances of these objectives may occur during natural events such as heavy rainfall or tidal saline water inflow.

Management and Monitoring

- 11. The Proponent shall prepare and implement a Water Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. This plan must:
 - (a) be submitted to the Planning Secretary within 3 months of the date of this approval;
 - (b) be prepared in consultation with the DPE Water and EPA; and
 - (c) include a:
 - Erosion and Sediment Control Plan;
 - Surface Water Monitoring Program;
 - Ground Water Monitoring Program; and
 - Acid Sulfate Soils Management Plan.
 - (d) include a strategy for the placement of high hydraulic conductivity material progressively during the works. High conductivity material is to be placed at intervals along the length of the pond extension. This material is to be of a hydraulic conductivity, and placed at such intervals and in such places, that will maintain comparable typical groundwater flow through to the Swamp Sclerophyll Forest as existed prior to the proposed excavation. The existing and comparable typical groundwater flow is to be determined in accordance with the calculation based on the existing typical hydraulic gradient and the hydraulic conductivity of the *in-situ* strata provided for in condition 14(c) below.
- 12. The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan shall:
 - (a) be consistent with the requirements of *Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction, Volume 1, 4th Edition, 2004* (Landcom);
 - (b) identify activities that could cause soil erosion and generate sediment;
 - (c) describe measures to minimise soil erosion and the potential for the transport of sediment to downstream waters;
 - (d) describe the location, function, and capacity of erosion and sediment control structures; and
 - (e) describe what measures would be implemented to maintain (and if necessary decommission) the structures over time.
- 13. The Surface Water Monitoring Program shall include:
 - (a) detailed baseline data on surface water quality in the main channel in Foys Swamp;
 - (b) surface water impact assessment criteria;
 - (c) a program to monitor surface water quality;
 - (d) a program to monitor bank and bed stability of the dredge pond;
 - (e) a protocol for the investigation, notification and mitigation of identified exceedances of the surface water impact assessment criteria; and
 - (f) a program to monitor the effectiveness of the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan.
- 14. The Ground Water Monitoring Program shall include:
 - (a) a statistical analysis of baseline ground water level and water quality data;
 - (b) ground water impact assessment criteria, including criteria for assessing any impacts on ground water dependent ecosystems and vegetation;
 - (c) a program to monitor:
 - hydraulic conductivity upon the completion of the landscaping of each 20 metre wide extraction zone, tests shall be conducted to ensure that the hydraulic conductivity following the placement of material is similar to the conditions prevailing prior to excavation commencing;
 - impacts on ground water dependent ecosystems and vegetation (from at least 6 boreholes at the edge of the dredge pond); and
 - water levels (at no less than monthly intervals and taken on the same day) in the dredge pond, the drain at the flood gates, monitoring bores WM1, WM1A, WM2A, WM3A, WM4, WM5, 1/Aug07, 2/Aug07, 3/Aug07, 4/Aug07, 5/Aug07 and 6/Aug07 (locations shown on Drawing 6198/208bh Revision A prepared by KF Williams & Associates, 15/2/08), and any additional bores installed at the edge of the dredge pond;
 - the in situ strata at the perimeter of the dredge pond for its current hydraulic conductivity; and

- groundwater levels under the SSF.
- (d) monthly review of the results of the ground water monitoring by the Proponent's Environmental Officer;
- (e) a protocol for the investigation, notification and mitigation of any identified exceedances of the ground water impact assessment criteria. The protocol shall include the following measures to be undertaken in the event that the water level in any bore lies outside the range of two standard deviations from the mean for more than 6 months and does not follow a trend that can be attributed to climatic effects, as evident in other monitoring bores, undertake the following actions:
 - sand extraction shall be halted immediately while further investigations and any necessary remedial action are undertaken;
 - additional water level measurements shall be taken in temporary bores in the vicinity of the affected bore to confirm the ground water levels in that locality;
 - a qualified hydrogeologist shall be engaged to assess the significance of the variance from expected ground water behaviour;
 - if the review of the hydrogeologist considers that it is necessary to maintain the pre-existing ground water regime in the vicinity of the SSF he/she shall be requested to recommend an appropriate remedial action plan. This plan may include the adjustment to the placement strategy for panels of high hydraulic conductivity material required by Condition 11(d); and
 - the recommended remedial action plan shall be submitted for the Planning Secretary's approval and subsequently implemented by the Proponent;
- (f) include measures to mitigate, remediate and/or compensate any identified ground water impacts.

Acid Sulfate Soils Management

- 15. The Proponent must prepare an Acid Sulfate Soils Management Plan for the project. The plan must:
 - (a) be prepared in consultation with EPA and DPE Water, and by a suitably qualified person whose appointment has been approved by the Planning Secretary;
 - (b) describe the measures that would be implemented to avoid and mitigate acid sulfate soils being mobilised during extraction and processing operations, including but not limited to:
 - i. a monitoring program that includes consideration of trace metals;
 - ii. the deposition of acid sulfate fines beneath the average groundwater level;
 - iii. a protocol for the investigation and mitigation of identified exceedances of the relevant impact assessment criteria set within the project approval including the Water Management Plan;
 - (c) include the results from an acid sulfate soils sampling program analysing the extent of acid sulfate soils within the Modification 1 – Extraction Area, which may be staged in accordance with condition of approval 12 of Schedule 2;
 - (d) when addressing clauses (b) and (c), reference the relevant sections of the of the:
 - i. Douglas Partners (November 2018) Acid Sulfate Soil Management Plan, Proposed Sand Quarry Extension;
 - ii. National Acid Sulfate Soils Guidance: National acid sulfate soils identification and laboratory methods manual (June 2018);
 - iii. EPA's Acid Sulfate Soils Manual (1998); and
 - (e) be submitted for approval prior to commencing activities within the relevant stage of the Modification 1 Extraction Area; and
 - (f) be implemented as approved by the Planning Secretary.

Site Water Balance

- 15A. The Proponent must prepare a Site Water Balance for the project and submit it to the Planning Secretary for approval prior to extraction and processing operations in the Modification 1 - Extraction Area. This plan must:
 - (a) be prepared by suitably qualified and experienced person/s whose appointment has been approved by the Planning Secretary;
 - (b) be prepared in consultation with DPE Water;
 - (c) includes details of:
 - i. predicted annual inflows to and outflows from the site;
 - ii. sources and security of water supply for the life of the project (including authorised entitlements and licences);
 - iii. water storage capacity, use and management on the site;
 - iv. reporting of annual water extraction and maximum instantaneous pumping rates to the Department; and
 - v. procedures for the annual preparation of an updated site water balance; and
 - (d) be implemented as approved by the Planning Secretary.

LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT

Planning Agreement

(a)

- 16. Within 3 months of the date of the approval of Modification 1, the Proponent shall:
 - enter into a Planning Agreement with the Minister under section 93F of the EP&A Act. This Agreement must be generally consistent with commitments in the terms of the offer made by the Proponent to the Minister on 1 May 2007, and must specifically provide for the:
 - (i) implementation of the Compensatory Planting shown in the plan in Appendix 3;
 - (ii) protection of the vegetation in the area shown in Appendix 4 (Vegetation Conservation Area);
 - (iii) identification by survey plan of the Conservation Area shown in the plan titled Vegetation Conservation Area (shown conceptually in Appendix 4);
 - (iv) implementation of the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan for the site; and
 - (v) submission of a Conservation Area Protection Bond, with the Department, in the form of a bank guarantee, to ensure the Conservation Area is being protected as required by condition 16 (a)(ii) of Schedule 3. The sum of the bond must be determined by a suitably qualified person, approved by the Planning Secretary, by calculating the full cost of reasonably protecting the Conservation Area against the threat of fire or vandalism up until 31 July 2038. Following 31 July 2038, the Conservation Area Protection Bond will be released, with the approval of the Planning Secretary; and
 - (vi) call in of all or part of the Conservation Area Protection Bond, with the approval of the Planning Secretary, to restore the Conservation Area if it is damaged by fire or vandalism, up until 31 July 2038.
- 16A. Within 3 months of the date of the parties signing the Planning Agreement it must be registered on the title of the land in accordance with the *Real Property Act 1900*.

Landscaping and Rehabilitation

- 17. The Proponent shall:
 - (a) progressively rehabilitate the site in a manner that is generally consistent with the rehabilitation objectives in Chapter 3.8 of the EA (see Appendix 5);
 - (b) ensure that within 4 years of the date of this approval, the additional plantings in the Northern Corridor and Southern Rehabilitation Areas are comprised of at least 60% of the plant species recorded for the representative plant communities in the quarry extension area, such as Bangalay Sand Forest and Littoral Rainforest;
 - (c) implement the Compensatory Planting in a manner that is consistent with the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan referred to in Condition 21, including the:
 - establishment, conservation and maintenance of approximately 23.99 hectares of native vegetation;
 - enhance 5.25 hectares of the vegetation in Areas 4 and 5; and
 - conservation and maintenance of approximately 46.25 hectares of the remnant vegetation on the site (shown conceptually in Appendix 3); and the best practice guidelines set out in:
 - Bringing the bush back to Western Sydney: Best practice guidelines for bush regeneration on the Cumberland Plain Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources (2003) ("DIPNR (2003)"); and
 - Recovering bushland on the Cumberland Plains: Best practice guidelines for the management and restoration of bushland Department of Environment and Conservation (2005) ("DEC (2005))";

to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

- 18. Within 12 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall densely plant Banksia Integrifolia along the 5 metre setback zones to the Littoral Rainforest vegetation and these areas shall thereafter be planted with species as may be specified in the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan.
- 19. The Proponent shall:
 - (a) clearly identify the boundary of the extension area and the Modification 1 Extraction Area in consultation with a suitably qualified ecologist prior to the commencement of any construction works to ensure that an adequate buffer distance is maintained from the dredging activities/quarry operations to the Conservation Area, SSF and lands zoned as E2 Environmental Conservation and E3 Environmental Management under the Kiama Local Environmental Plan 2011 or the Shoalhaven Local Environment Plan 2014;
 - (b) ensure that all dredging activities and associated quarry operations remain within the defined boundary of the Extraction Area (shown on the plans in Appendix 1);
 - (c) develop a monitoring program and document it in the EMP to demonstrate that the defined boundary of the quarry extension area is maintained and not compromised during operations; and

- (d) revegetate the buffer areas with appropriate native species and be subject to the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan for inclusion in the EMP for its long term restoration and management and be not less than 5 metres wide for the existing extension area shown in Figure 1, Appendix 1 (refer Proposed Dredge Pond).
- 20. The Proponent shall:
 - (a) commence the Compensatory Planting and the vegetation screen along the Crooked River Road frontage north of the east-west link (as shown conceptually in Appendix 3), within 12 months of the date of this approval or when sufficient propagation material has been collected; and
 - (b) not sever the east-west link until it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary that the established communities represented in the Northern Corridor comprise at least 60% of the native flora species as set out in Appendix 6 and the Northern Corridor is successful according to the criteria in Condition 25;

to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

In this Condition, "**not sever**" means that no works of clearing, tree removal or other habitat removal shall take place which will reduce or impede the function of the East-West Corridor to provide connectivity to the National Park from Zone 1.1 as measured by Condition 25(b).

Restriction on clearing of certain land

20A Within the area marked "X" on Appendix 1, a person shall not clear any of the land of vegetation or trees without the consent of the Planning Secretary.

Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan

21. The Proponent shall prepare and implement a Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

This plan must:

- (a) be submitted to the Planning Secretary for approval within 3 months of the date of this approval;
- (b) be generally in accordance with the draft Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan, dated 20 August 2008 prepared by Kevin Mills & Associates and accepted by the Land and Environment Court as appropriate;
- (c) be prepared in consultation with the BCD by suitably qualified expert/s approved by the Planning Secretary;
- (d) clearly identify the biological purpose of the linkage and describe how its design, dimensions and management will achieve this purpose;
- (e) collect baseline data for the Project Area including flora species, fauna species and ecological function parameters;
- (f) include a figure showing the location, extent and size of areas to be planted/regenerated for each community to be impacted;
- (g) identify strategies to use the natural resources of the impacted areas to their full potential, including:
 - all plant material to be used as a primary source for restoration and rehabilitation should be collected and propagated from relevant communities prior to clearing;
 - all areas proposed for replanting should be assessed initially for their regeneration potential appropriate restoration strategies should follow best practice guidelines as described in DIPNR (2003) and DEC (2005);
- (h) describe in general the short, medium and long-term measures that would be implemented to:
 - rehabilitate the site;
 - implement the Compensatory Planting shown in Appendix 3;
 - manage the remnant vegetation and habitat on the site, including the areas of Bangalay Sand Forest to be retained (shown conceptually in Appendix 3); and
 - landscape the site (including the bunds) to mitigate visual impacts of the project.
 - Upgrade and protect the remaining area of Littoral Rainforest on the eastern side of the pond extension
- (i) describe in detail the measures that would be implemented over the first 5 years and every subsequent 5 year period, to rehabilitate and manage the landscape and vegetation on the site, including
 - setting clear targets to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary to determine the level of success and make timely changes to management strategies, as necessary;
 - monitoring each vegetation type separately;
- (j) set completion criteria for the rehabilitation of the site (i.e. when plantings are self-sustaining);
- (k) describe how the performance of these measures would be monitored over time; and
- (I) include a Long Term Management Plan.

- 21A The Proponent shall engage a qualified ecologist, bush regeneration or providence nursery group who will develop a program consistent with the objectives and procedures set out in the draft Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan and this program will address the following issues:
 - (a) soil testing;
 - (b) on site collection of seed and other propagation material;
 - (c) an assessment of the need to develop plants on the site;
 - (d) a program of successional plantings and management that will achieve the agreed purposes of the planting;
 - (e) targets for short term, medium term and long term planting and management;
 - (f) monitoring requirements;
 - (g) reporting frequency and methodology;
 - (h) consultation with the relevant government agencies;
 - (i) water quality monitoring; and
 - (j) quantitative vegetation monitoring; unless otherwise incorporated in the draft Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan.
- 22. The Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan must include:
 - (a) the objectives for the rehabilitation of the site and implementation of the Compensatory Planting and the vegetation screen along the Crooked River Road frontage north of the east-west link;
 - (b) a description of how the rehabilitation of the site and implementation of the Compensatory Planting and how the vegetation screen along the Crooked River Road frontage would be integrated with the surrounding vegetation to provide a comprehensive strategic framework for the restoration and enhancement of the landscape over time;
 - (c) a description of the short, medium, and long-term measures that would be implemented to:
 - rehabilitate the site;
 - implement the Compensatory Planting;
 - manage the remnant vegetation and habitat on the site; and
 - landscape the site (including the bunds) to mitigate visual impacts of the project;
 - (d) a detailed description of the performance and completion criteria for the rehabilitation of the site and implementation of the Compensatory Planting and the vegetation screen along the Crooked River Road frontage;
 - (e) a detailed description of what measures would be implemented over the next 5 years to rehabilitate the site, and implement both the Compensatory Planting and the vegetation screen along the Crooked River Road frontage, including the procedures for:
 - undertaking pre-clearance surveys;
 - conserving and reusing topsoil;
 - collecting and propagating seed for rehabilitation works;
 - salvaging and reusing material from the site for habitat enhancement, particularly tree hollows;
 - controlling weeds and feral pests;
 - controlling access;
 - bushfire management;
 - managing any potential conflicts between the proposed rehabilitation of the site and implementation of the Compensatory Planting and any Aboriginal cultural heritage values in those areas;
 - progressively rehabilitate the areas disturbed by sand extraction;
 - implementing revegetation and regeneration within the disturbed and compensatory planting areas, including the establishment of canopy, sub-canopy (if relevant), understorey and ground cover vegetation;
 - reducing the visual impacts of the project; and
 - protecting areas outside the disturbance areas;
 - a detailed program to monitor the performance of the rehabilitation of the site and implementation of the Compensatory Planting and the vegetation screen along the Crooked River Road frontage against the relevant objectives and performance and completion criteria (see above);
 - (j) a description of the potential risks to successful rehabilitation and/or revegetation, and a description of the contingency measures that would be implemented to mitigate these risks; and
 - (k) details of who is responsible for monitoring, reviewing, and implementing the plan.
- 23. Successful establishment of the Northern Corridor shall be measured by the following criteria:
 - (a) presence of native flora species;
 - (b) a majority of the flora species recorded from the removed forest occur in the area; (e.g. 60% of flora species recorded in removed forest are present);
 - (c) Species from all 4 layers have been planted and at least 50% of the projected cover has been achieved for each of the shrub and ground cover layers;
 - (d) self-sustaining native plant populations (e.g regeneration of a second generation);
 - (e) no dominance by single flora species (e.g Bracken);
 - (f) weeds are not significantly impacting on the native vegetation;
 - (g) weeds do not represent a majority of the flora species or a higher percentage cover than the native flora species; and

- (h) impacts such as grazing are excluded from the area.
- 24. Successful establishment of fauna habitat in the Northern Corridor would be measured by:
 - (a) presence of species;
 - (b) a majority of the resident species recorded from the removed forest occur in the area;
 - (c) fauna populations are resident in the area;
 - (d) pest animals are controlled and not impacting upon the fauna or its habitat; and
 - (e) impacts such as grazing are excluded from the area.
- 25. Prior to the severance of the east-west link the Proponent shall:
 - determine the presence of species in both the east-west link and northern corridor by conducting standard animal survey techniques at least twice in the first year (eg. Eliot trapping for small mammals, pitfall trapping for reptiles, observational surveys for frogs and birds, and spotlighting transects for arboreal animals);
 - (b) determine whether a majority of animal species (particularly those determined to be likely to be impacted by fragmentation) utilising the corridor in the east-west link are present in the conservation area and the northern corridor and the re-created link at the northern boundary; and
 - (c) conduct genetic analysis for a number of key species for whom genetic markers have already been developed (e.g. Brown Antechinus, Bush Rat and at least two skink species) to establish that genetic relatedness exists between individuals within the two corridors, the Conservation Area and National Park).

If no genetic relatedness exists between individuals in the Conservation Area, northern corridor, east-west link and the National Park, then this demonstrates that neither the east-west link nor the northern corridor is functional and therefore the east-west link can be severed without creating additional fragmentation to animal populations.

If genetic relatedness exists between individuals in the northern corridor, Conservation Area and the National Park, but not in the east-west link, then this demonstrates that the east-west link is not functional, but the northern corridor is and therefore, the east-west link can be severed without creating additional fragmentation to animal populations.

If genetic relatedness exists between individuals in the Conservation Area, the east-west link and the National Park, but not the northern corridor, then this demonstrates that the northern corridor is not functional and the east-west link cannot be severed until there is compliance with Conditions 23 and 24.

- 26. The Long Term Management Strategy must be prepared in consultation with SCC, KMC, BCD, DPI-Fisheries and the CCC, and must:
 - (a) define the objectives and criteria for quarry closure and post-extraction management;
 - (b) investigate options for the future use of the site;
 - (c) describe the measures that would be implemented to minimise or manage the ongoing environmental effects of the development; and
 - (d) describe how the performance of these measures would be monitored over time.
 - Note: The Department accepts that the initial Long Term Management Strategy may not contain detailed information on post-extraction management.
- 26A. The Proponent must implement the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan and Long Term Management Strategy as approved by the Planning Secretary.

Landscape and Rehabilitation Bond

- 27. Within 6 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall lodge a rehabilitation bond for the project with the Planning Secretary. The sum of the bond shall be calculated at:
 - (a) \$ 2.50/m² for the total area to be disturbed by the proposed dredge pond as shown in Appendix 1; and
 - (b) \$ 1.00/m² for the total area of land to be rehabilitated consisting of Zones 2A.1, 2A.2, 2A.3, 2B.1,2B.2, 2C.1, 2C.2, 2D and 2E of Appendix 3,

or as otherwise directed by the Planning Secretary.

- 28A. The rehabilitation bond shall continue to be retained after completion of the Compensatory Planting, subject to the Planning Secretary's discretion in condition 28B below, to ensure that there shall be a continuation of the Planning Agreement; and
- 28B. The Planning Secretary may at his or her discretion and on advice from an independent environmental auditor release or vary the rehabilitation bond where conditions permit. If the rehabilitation is not completed to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary, the Planning Secretary

will call in all or part of the rehabilitation bond, and arrange for the satisfactory completion of the relevant works.

28C The bond may be in the form of a Bank Guarantee or as directed by the Planning Secretary.

ABORIGINAL HERITAGE

Aboriginal Site Conservation

- 29. The Proponent shall protect and conserve Areas A and C, as described in the EA (as shown on the plan in Appendix 8, to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.
- 29A. The Proponent must ensure that the project does not cause any direct or indirect impact on any identified heritage items located outside the Extraction Area, beyond those predicted in the document/s listed in condition 2(a) of Schedule 2.

Note: Identified heritage items are shown in the figures in Appendix 8.

- 29B. If suspected human remains are discovered on the site, then all work surrounding the area must cease, and the area must be secured. The Proponent must immediately notify NSW Police Force, Heritage NSW, and the Department and work must not recommence in the area until authorised by NSW Police Force and the Planning Secretary.
- 29C. The Applicant must ensure that all known Aboriginal objects or Aboriginal places on the site are properly recorded, and those records are kept up to date, in the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) Register.

Aboriginal Heritage Management Plan

- 30. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Aboriginal Heritage Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. This plan must:
 - (a) be submitted to the Planning Secretary within 3 months of the date of this approval and prior to disturbance of any identified Aboriginal object;
 - (b) be prepared in consultation with the Heritage NSW and relevant Aboriginal communities; and
 - (c) include a:
 - description of the measures that would be implemented to protect Area A and that part of Area B proposed to be conserved, as described in the EA (as shown on the plan in Appendix 8);
 - description of the measures that would be implemented for the mapping and salvage or relocation of the archaeological relics in the site including the shell midden deposit situated at the South Western corner of the Extraction Area (as shown on the plan in Appendix 8);
 - description of the measures that would be implemented if any new Aboriginal objects or relics are discovered during the project; and
 - protocol for the ongoing consultation and involvement of the Aboriginal communities in the conservation and management of Aboriginal cultural heritage on the site.

Modification 1 – Extraction Area Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan

- 30A. The Proponent must prepare a Modification 1 Extraction Area Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan for the project. This plan must:
 - (a) be prepared:
 - i. by suitably qualified and experienced person/s whose appointment has been endorsed by the Planning Secretary;
 - ii. in consultation with the Heritage NSW and Registered Aboriginal Parties and be submitted to the Planning Secretary for approval prior to disturbance of any Aboriginal heritage objects/items in the Modification 1– Extraction Area;
 - iii. in general accordance with the *Biosis (2019). Gerroa Sand Quarry modification: Aboriginal cultural heritage management plan. Report for Cleary Bros (Bombo) Pty Ltd.*
 - (b) include a:
 - i. description of the measures that would be implemented to salvage sites within the Modification 1 Extraction Area (GCB-A1, GCB-A2 and GCB-A3, as shown in Appendix 8);
 - ii. a description of the measures to be implemented on the site to comply with the heritagerelated conditions of this approval;
 - iii. description of measures to ensure all workers receive suitable Aboriginal cultural heritage inductions prior to carrying out–any activities which may cause impacts to Aboriginal objects or Aboriginal places, and that suitable records are kept of these inductions;

- iv. description of the measures that would be implemented to manage the discovery of suspected human remains and any new Aboriginal objects or Aboriginal places, including provisions for burials, over the life of the project;
- v. description of the measures that would be implemented to maintain and manage reasonable access for relevant Aboriginal stakeholders to Aboriginal objects and Aboriginal places (outside of the Modification 1 – Extraction Area);
- vi. protocol for the ongoing consultation and involvement of the Registered Aboriginal Parties in the conservation and management of Aboriginal cultural heritage on the site including the long term management of salvaged items and objects; and
- vii. description of the measures to be implemented on the site to manage interactions with the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan.

Note: The Aboriginal Heritage Management Plan required by condition 30 above and the Modification 1 – Extraction Area Aboriginal Cultural Heritage required by condition 30A may be combined in accordance with condition 11 (b) of Schedule 2.

30B. The Proponent must implement the Modification 1 – Extraction Area Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Management Plan as approved by the Planning Secretary.

TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT

Transport Routes

- 31. The Proponent shall ensure that all truck movements travelling to or originating from areas:
 - (a) south of the site use the Princes Highway, via Beach Road (except as provided for by condition 32 below); and
 - (b) north of the site use the Princes Highway, via Beach Road, Crooked River Road, Fern Street and Belinda Street.
- 32. The Proponent shall ensure that no trucks associated with the project use Gerroa Road, except where the destination lies along or adjacent to that road.

Haul Road

33. Within 3 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall upgrade the internal haul road and Beach Road intersection to a sealed Type BAL left turn and sealed Type BAR right turn configuration, in accordance with the TFNSW's *Road Design Guide*

Road Haulage

- 34. The Proponent shall ensure that:
 - (a) all loaded vehicles entering or leaving the site are covered; and
 - (b) all loaded vehicles leaving the site are cleaned of materials that may fall on the road, before they leave the site.

VISUAL

Visual Amenity

35. The Proponent shall minimise the visual impacts of the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

Lighting Emissions

- 36. The Proponent shall:
 - (a) take all practicable measures to mitigate off-site lighting impacts from the project; and
 - (b) ensure that all external lighting associated with the project complies with Australian Standard AS4282 (INT) 1995 Control of Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting,

to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

Advertising

- 37. The Proponent shall not erect or display any advertising structure(s) or signs on the site without the written approval of the Planning Secretary.
 - Note: This does not include traffic management and safety or environmental signs.

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Waste Minimisation

38. The Proponent shall minimise the amount of waste generated by the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

EMERGENCY AND HAZARDS MANAGEMENT

Dangerous Goods

39. The Proponent shall ensure that the storage, handling, and transport of dangerous goods are conducted in accordance with the relevant *Australian Standards*, particularly AS1940 and AS1596, and the *Dangerous Goods Code*.

Safety

40. The Proponent shall secure the project to ensure public safety to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

Bushfire Management

- 41. The Proponent shall:
 - (a) ensure that the project is suitably equipped to respond to any fires on-site; and
 - (b) assist the rural fire service and emergency services as much as possible if there is a fire on-site.

PRODUCTION DATA

- 42. The Proponent shall:
 - (a) provide annual production data to the MEG using the standard form for that purpose; and
 - (b) include a copy of this data in the Annual Review.

SCHEDULE 4 ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES

NOTIFICATION OF LANDOWNERS

1. If the results of monitoring required in Schedule 3 identify that impacts generated by the project are greater than the relevant impact assessment criteria, then the Proponent shall notify the Planning Secretary and the affected landowners and/or existing or future tenants (including tenants of quarry owned properties) accordingly, and provide quarterly monitoring results to each of these parties until the results show that the project is complying with the relevant criteria.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW

2. If a landowner of privately owned land considers that the operations of the quarry are exceeding the impact assessment criteria in Schedule 3, then he/she may ask the Proponent in writing for an independent review of the impacts of the project on his/her land.

If the Planning Secretary is satisfied that an independent review is warranted, the Proponent shall within 3 months of the Planning Secretary advising that an independent review is warranted:

- (a) consult with the landowner to determine his/her concerns;
- (b) commission a suitably qualified, experienced and independent person, whose appointment has been approved by the Planning Secretary, to conduct monitoring on the land, to determine whether the project is complying with the relevant criteria in Schedule 3, and identify the source(s) and scale of any impact on the land, and the project's contribution to this impact; and
- (c) give the Planning Secretary and landowner a copy of the independent review.
- 3. If the independent review determines that the quarrying operations are complying with the relevant criteria in Schedule 3, then the Proponent may discontinue the independent review with the approval of the Planning Secretary.
- 4. If the independent review determines that the quarrying operations are not complying with the relevant criteria in Schedule 3, and that the quarry is primarily responsible for this non-compliance, then the Proponent shall:
 - (a) implement all reasonable and feasible measures, in consultation with the landowner, to ensure
 - (b) that the project complies with the relevant criteria; and
 - (c) conduct further monitoring to determine whether these measures ensure compliance; or
 - (d) secure a written agreement with the landowner to allow exceedances of the relevant criteria in Schedule 3,

to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.

If the additional monitoring referred to above subsequently determines that the quarrying operations are complying with the relevant criteria in Schedule 3, then the Proponent may discontinue the independent review with the approval of the Planning Secretary.

If the Proponent is unable to finalise an agreement with the landowner, then the Proponent or landowner may refer the matter to the Planning Secretary for resolution.

If the matter cannot be resolved within 21 days, the Planning Secretary shall refer the matter to an Independent Dispute Resolution Process (see Appendix 9).

5. If the landowner disputes the results of the independent review, either the Proponent or the landowner may refer the matter to the Planning Secretary for resolution.

If the matter cannot be resolved within 21 days, the Planning Secretary shall refer the matter to an Independent Dispute Resolution Process (see Appendix 9).

SCHEDULE 5 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, MONITORING, REPORTING & AUDITING

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

- 1. The Proponent shall prepare and implement an Environmental Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. This plan must:
 - (a) be submitted to the Planning Secretary within 6 months of the date of this approval;
 - (b) be prepared in consultation with the Relevant Agencies;
 - (c) provide the strategic context for environmental management of the project;
 - (d) identify the statutory requirements that apply to the project;
 - (e) describe in general how the environmental performance of the project would be monitored and managed;
 - (f) describe the procedures that would be implemented to:
 - keep the local community and Relevant Agencies informed about the construction, operation and environmental performance of the project;
 - receive, handle, respond to, and record complaints;
 - resolve any disputes that may arise during the life of the project;
 - respond to any non-compliance;
 - manage cumulative impacts; and
 - respond to emergencies; and
 - (g) describe the role, responsibility, authority, and accountability of the key personnel involved in the environmental management of the project.

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

- 2. The Proponent shall prepare an Environmental Monitoring Program for the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. This program must be submitted to the Planning Secretary within 6 months of the date of this approval, and consolidate the various monitoring requirements in Schedule 3 of this approval into a single document.
- 2A. Within 3 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall nominate a suitably qualified and experienced Environmental Officer(s) to perform environmental management duties. The Environmental Officer(s) shall be:
 - (a) responsible for reviewing the monitoring programs required under this consent; and
 - (b) responsible for considering and advising on matters specified in the conditions of this consent, and all other licences and approvals related to the environmental performance and impacts of the development;

The Proponent shall notify the Planning Secretary, and Relevant Agencies of the name and contact details of the Environmental Officer, and any changes to that appointment hat may occur from time to time.

Note: the Environmental Officer(s) duties need not necessarily be limited to environmental management and may be an existing employee with appropriate qualifications.

Revision of Strategies, Plans & Programs

- 2B. Within 3 months of:
 - (a) the submission of an incident notification under condition 3 below;
 - (b) the submission of an Annual Review under condition 4 below;
 - (c) the submission of an Independent Environmental Audit report under condition 5 below; and
 - (d) the approval of any modifications to this approval (unless the conditions require otherwise),

the Proponent must review the suitability of existing strategies, plans, and programs required under this approval.

If necessary to either improve the environmental performance of the project, cater for a modification or comply with a direction, the strategies, plans, and programs required under this approval must be revised, to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary and submitted to the Planning Secretary for approval within six weeks of the review.

Note: This is to ensure the strategies, plans and programs are updated on a regular basis, and incorporate any recommended measures to improve the environmental performance of the project.

REPORTING

Incident Notification

3. The Proponent must immediately notify the Department and any other relevant agencies immediately after it becomes aware of an incident. The notification must be in writing through the Department's Major Projects Website and identify the project (including the project number and name) and set out the location and nature of the incident.

Non-Compliance Notification

3A. Within seven days of becoming aware of a non-compliance, the Proponent must notify the Department of the non-compliance. The notification must be in writing through the Department's Major Projects Website and identify the project (including the development application number and name), set out the condition of this approval that the project is non-compliant with, why it does not comply and the reasons for the non-compliance (if known) and what actions have been, or will be, undertaken to address the non-compliance.

Note: A non-compliance which has been notified as an incident does not need to also be notified as a non-compliance.

Regular Reporting

3B. The Proponent must provide regular reporting on the environmental performance of the project on its website, in accordance with the reporting arrangements in any plans or programs approved under the conditions of this approval.

ANNUAL REVIEW

- 4. By the end of September each year, or other timing as may be agreed by the Planning Secretary, the Proponent must review the environmental performance of the project to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. This review must:
 - a) describe the activities associated with the project (including rehabilitation) that was carried out in the previous financial year, and the activities that are proposed to be carried out over the current financial year;
 - b) include a comprehensive review of the monitoring results and complaints records of the project over the previous financial year, which includes a comparison of these results against:
 - the relevant statutory requirements, limits or performance measures/criteria;
 - requirements of any plan or program required under this approval;
 - the monitoring results of previous years; and
 - the relevant predictions in the documents listed in condition 2(a) of Schedule 2;
 - c) identify any non-compliance or incident which occurred in the previous financial year, and describe what actions were (or are being) taken to rectify the non-compliance and avoid recurrence;
 - d) evaluate and report on:
 - the effectiveness of the acid sulfate soils, noise amenity and water quality management and mitigation; and
 - compliance with the performance measures, criteria and operating conditions of this approval;
 - e) identify any trends in the monitoring data over the life of the project;
 - f) identify any discrepancies between the predicted and actual impacts of the project, and analyse the potential cause of any significant discrepancies; and
 - g) describe what measures will be implemented over the current financial year to improve the environmental performance of the project.

The Proponent must ensure that the Annual Review is submitted to the Planning Secretary and is available to the members of the CCC and any interested person on request.

INDEPENDENT ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT

- 5. Within 12 months of the date of the commencement of the project, and every 3 years thereafter, unless the Planning Secretary directs otherwise, the Proponent shall commission and pay the full cost of an Independent Environmental Audit of the project. This audit must:
 - (a) be conducted by a suitably qualified, experienced, and independent person(s) whose appointment has been approved by the Planning Secretary;
 - (b) include consultation with the Relevant Agencies;
 - (c) assess the environmental performance of the project, and its effects on the surrounding environment;
 - (d) assess whether the project is complying with the relevant standards, performance measures and statutory requirements;

- (e) review the adequacy of any strategy/plan/program required under this approval; and, if necessary,
- (f) recommend measures or actions to improve the environmental performance of the project, and/or any strategy/plan/program required under this approval.

Note: The person(s) conducted the audit must have expertise in flora and fauna assessment as well as quarry rehabilitation.

- 6. Within 1 month of completion of each Independent Environmental Audit, the Proponent shall submit a copy of the audit report to the Planning Secretary, Relevant Agencies and CCC, with a response to any of the recommendations in the audit report.
- 7. Within 3 months of submitting a copy of the audit report to the Planning Secretary, the Proponent shall review and if necessary revise:
 - (a) each of the environmental management and monitoring strategies/plans/programs in Schedules 3 and 5; and
 - (b) the sum of the Landscape and Rehabilitation Bond (see Schedule 3). This review must consider:
 - the effects of inflation;
 - any changes to the total area of disturbance; and
 - the performance of the rehabilitation against the completion criteria of the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan,

to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary

COMMUNITY CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE

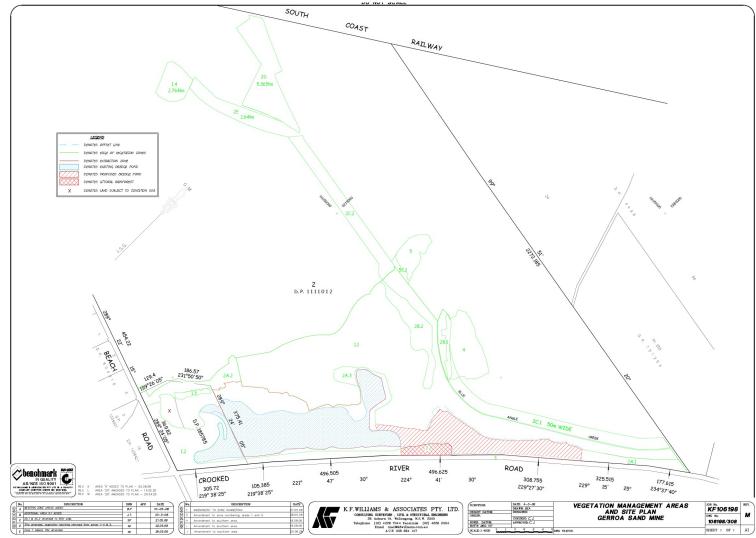
- 8. Within 3 months of the date of this approval, the Proponent shall establish a Community Consultative Committee (CCC) for the project. The CCC shall:
 - (a) be comprised of:
 - 2 representatives from the Proponent, one of which will be the Environmental Officer nominated under Condition 2A of Schedule 5;
 - representatives of both KMC and SCC (if available);
 - 1 representative of the Gerroa Environment Protection Society (if available); and
 - at least 2 representatives from the local community,
 - whose appointment has been approved by the Planning Secretary;
 - (b) be chaired by an independent chairperson, whose appointment has been approved by the Planning Secretary;
 - (c) meet at least twice a year including one meeting shortly after submission of the Annual Review under Condition 4 of Schedule 5;
 - (d) review the Proponent's performance with respect to environmental management and community relations;
 - (e) undertake regular inspections of the quarry operations;
 - (f) review community concerns or complaints about the quarry operations, and the Proponent's complaints handling procedures; and
 - (g) provide advice to:
 - the Proponent on improved environmental management and community relations, including the provision of information to the community and the identification of community initiatives to which the Proponent could contribute;
 - the Department regarding the conditions of this approval; and
 - the general community on the performance of the quarry with respect to environmental management and community relations.

Notes:

- The CCC is an advisory committee. The Department and other Relevant Agencies are responsible for ensuring that the Proponent complies with this approval.
- The membership of the CCC should be reviewed on a regular basis (every 3 years).
- If possible, an alternate member should be appointed for each of the representatives from the local community.
- 9. At its own expense, the Proponent shall:
 - (a) ensure that 2 of its representatives attend CCC meetings;
 - (b) provide the CCC with regular information on the environmental performance of the project, including a copy of the Annual Review;
 - (c) provide meeting facilities for the CCC;
 - (d) arrange site inspections for the CCC, if necessary;
 - (e) respond to any advice or recommendations the CCC may have in relation to the environmental management or community relations;
 - (f) take minutes of the CCC meetings; and
 - (g) forward a copy of these minutes to the Planning Secretary, and put a copy of these minutes on its website.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION

- 10. Within 1 month of the approval of any plan/strategy/program required under this approval (or any subsequent revision of these plans/strategies/programs), or the completion of the audits or Annual Review required under this approval, the Proponent shall:
 - (a) provide a copy of the relevant document/s to the Relevant Agencies and the CCC; and
 - (b) ensure that a copy of the relevant document/s is made publicly available on its website and at the quarry.
- 11. During the project, the Proponent shall:
 - (a) make a summary of monitoring results required under this approval publicly available on its website and at the quarry; and
 - (b) update these results on a regular basis (at least every 3 months).



APPENDIX 1 VEGETATION MANAGEMENT AREAS AND SITE PLAN

Figure 1: Vegetation Management Areas and Site Plan

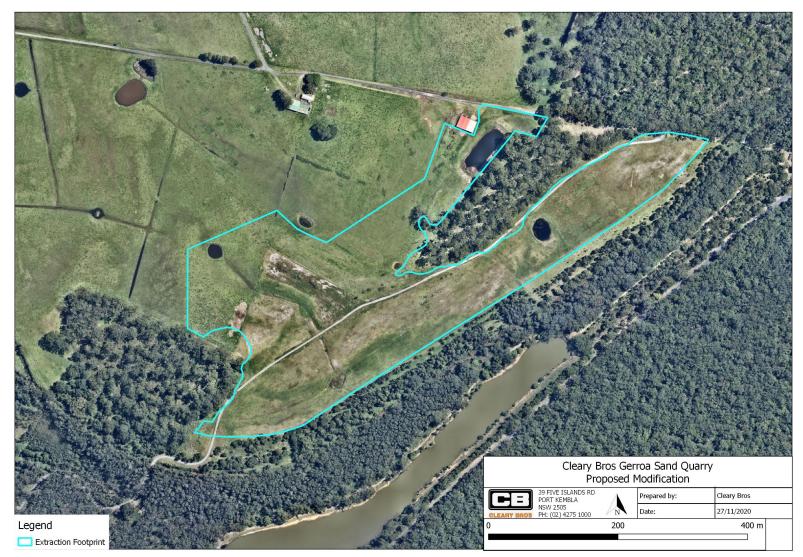


Figure 2: Modification 1 – Extraction Area

APPENDIX 2 STATEMENT OF COMMITMENTS

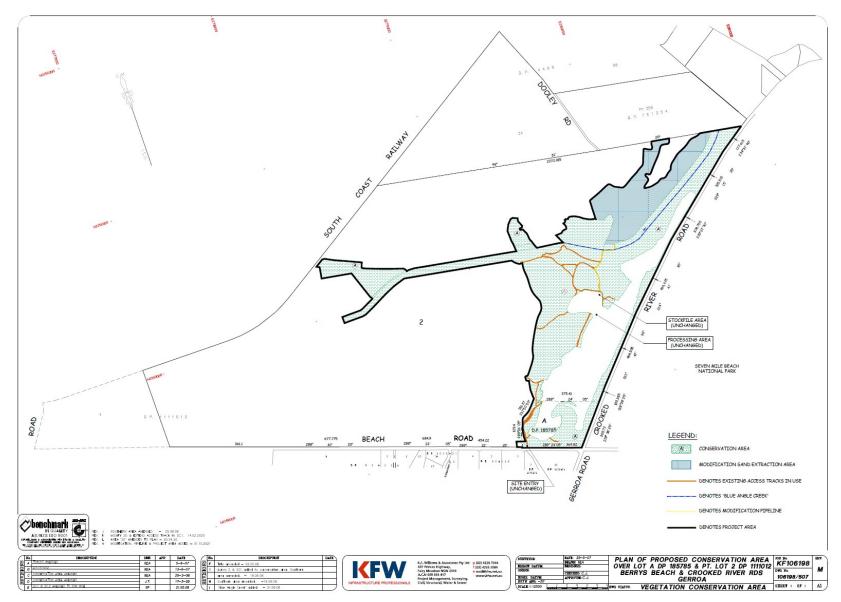
- 1) Undertake the extension of the Gerroa sand quarry in a manner consistent with the Environmental Assessment and Statement of Commitments;
- 2) Comply with obligations under any Act;
- Update the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) for the site to include all relevant matters contained in the Environmental Assessment and any requirements emanating from the Land and Environment Court for the project;
- 4) Operate the sand quarry within the requirements of the EMP as updated in 3) above (Note: the existing EMP embraces the requirements of the existing development consent with regard to such matters as environmental management, monitoring, auditing, reporting and community consultation. These requirements will be retained except where superseded in the approval for the current application).
- 5) Survey and mark at regular intervals the approved boundary of the proposed extension and ensure that all activities associated with sand extraction other than rehabilitation or approved mitigation works remain within the marked area;
- 6) Maintain annual production within an upper limit of 80,000 tonnes per year;
- 7) Progressively rehabilitate all areas disturbed by the sand mining operations in accordance with the Environmental Assessment and the EMP;
- 8) Protect from disturbance and maintain existing native vegetation around the periphery of the sand quarry;
- 9) Undertake compensatory planting in the locations identified in the Environmental Assessment and nurture the vegetation and created habitat to maturity in accordance with the Landscape and Rehabilitation Management Plan, to be incorporated in the EMP;
- 10) Protect from disturbance Area A (shown on the figure in Appendix 8), of significance for potential Aboriginal relics;
- 11) Arrange for targeted salvage excavations for Aboriginal artefacts to take place as recommended by Navin Officer and to include the shell midden deposit situated at the South Western corner of the extraction area prior to mining occurring in the nominated locations (shown on the figure in Appendix 8);
- 12) Prior to extending workings into any part of the extension, ensure that a screen of vegetation, with or without bunding, effectively prevents viewing of the land to be disturbed from any publicly accessible locations;
- 13) Ensure that the requirements of the acid sulphate soils management plan are incorporated in the EMP and implemented where indicated to prevent degeneration of water quality in the dredge pond and in groundwater
- 14) Include a section on fish management in the dredge pond in the revised EMP for the site.
- 15) Forward annual production data to the Department of Primary Industries.
- 16) Prior to finalising the revised EMP, forward a draft to DECC for comment.
- 17) a. In surveying the boundary of the extraction area (see 5 above) include a minimum of 5 metres buffer to protect vegetation.
 - b. The external areas of the vegetation shall be fenced so as to exclude access by any farm animals to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary.
- 18) Include a requirement to monitor compliance with the approved boundary in the revised EMP.
- 19) Revegetate and maintain the buffer area in conjunction with adjoining vegetation, except where the buffer is used for access.
- 20) Update the groundwater monitoring program in the revised EMP.
- 21) Include a tree clearance protocol in the revised EMP incorporating pre-clearing inspection for koalas.
- 22) Incorporate in the revised EMP a standard of revegetation to be achieved to the north and south of the extraction area before the existing east-west link can be severed. Do not completely remove the existing link until a qualified ecologist has confirmed that the required standard of revegetation has been achieved including the establishment of 60% of the plants species representative of the plant communities in the quarry area and in accordance with Appendix 6.
- 23) Include a revegetation monitoring program in the revised EMP to include all areas being revegetated as part of the project.
- 24) Define the compensatory vegetation land by survey and include an appropriate plan in the EMP.

- 25) Include a detailed site rehabilitation program in the EMP addressing the matters listed in item 5a) o f the submission from DECC dated 22 December 2006 (and shown in Appendix 8).
- 26) Maintain ongoing consultation with the Aboriginal community including notification of approvals and requirements that relate to Aboriginal heritage with an invitation to contribute to any heritage management activities.
- 27) Submit updated site information to DECC's AHIMS register when archaeological salvage is complete.
- 28) Include in the revised EMP, reference to protection of Aboriginal heritage items located in Area A as part of management of that land and consult the Aboriginal community in developing and implementing the management protocols.
- 29) Should any sand mining impacts occur within Area A, consult DECC and the Aboriginal community as soon as possible in developing an appropriate response.
- 30) Investigate and if practicable, install "clacker" reversing alarms on mobile plant within the sand quarry site.

APPENDIX 3 COMPENSATORY PLANTING



APPENDIX 4 VEGETATION CONSERVATION AREA



APPENDIX 5 REHABILITATION OBJECTIVES

The objectives of site rehabilitation are as follows:

- after the conclusion of sand mining, leave the site free from all sand mining artefacts including machinery, structures, buildings, signage, products and roads, except as required for rural purposes;
- create safe and stable landforms with a natural appearance designed for low maintenance;
- establish indigenous vegetation on all land areas disturbed by the sand quarry to create wildlife habitat including wetland habitat within and around the shoreline of the dredge pond;
- nurture to maturity vegetation screens and compensatory planting established during the sand mining operation;
- control weed growth within the rehabilitation areas and compensatory planting areas;
- retain a minimum of access tracks for maintenance or as required for ongoing rural use of the property;
- progressively rehabilitate sections of the site when they are no longer required for operations to minimise the extent of work remaining when extraction ceases; and
- continue rehabilitation beyond closure of the sand mine until these objectives have been achieved.

APPENDIX 6 SPECIES LIST

APPENDIX 6 PLANT LIST FOR LITTORAL RAINFOREST VEGETATION TO BE REMOVED

Tall Canopy Trees

Banksia integrifolia C Eucalyptus botryoides C Eucalyptus pilularis C

"<u>Rainforest Species</u>" (11 species) <u>Middle Canopy Trees (individual counts)</u> Clerodendrum tomentosum (3 plants) Endiandra sieberi (1 plant) Glochidion ferdinandi (110 plants)

Understorey

Acronychia oblongifolia R Breynia oblongifolia U Cayratia clematidea U Clerodendrum tomentosum R Eustrephus latifolius R Ficus obliqua R Marsdenia rostrata R Pittosporum revolutum U Pyrrosia rupestris R.

Other species (14 native species)

Acacia maidenii VC Billardiera scandens R Commelina cyanea C Desmodium varians R Dichondra repens U Hibbertia scandens R Imperata cylindrica U Lomandra longifolia VC Oplismenus imbecillis VC Pteridium esculentum U Rubus parvifolius R Stephania japonica R Themeda australis U Viola hederacea U *Lantana camara VC

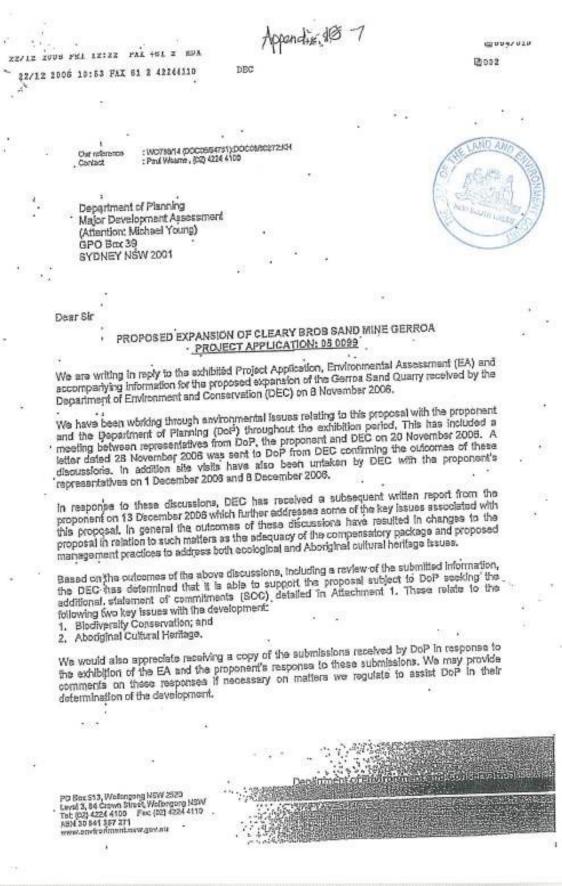


Subjective assessment of abundance: VC - very common, C - common, U - uncommon, R - rare

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APPENDIX 7 DECC LETTER



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In addition, we would also appreciate being provided a copy of the draft Director General's Environmental Assessment report and associated conditions for perusal to ensure the above matters have been addressed. This is because we consider them essential for the development as well as ensuring DECs effective ongoing regulation of the premises should Approval be granted.

The site is currently licenced for Dredging Works under the Protection of the Environment Operations (POEO) Act 1997 (Environment Protection Licence (EPL) No 4146). This licence may require amendments if development approval is granted. Should the Minister of DoP decide to grant approval the proponent may need to make a separate application to DEC to vary the EPL under the POEO Act 1997 for the proposed extension prior to any construction or operational works commencing on site.

There are also some conditions on the existing EPL which will also relate to the proposed development. These conditions will not be subject to variation, however to ensure that any approval is consistent with the existing licence, DoP should consider these conditions when drafting any approval conditions.

If necessary we would be able to meet at a suitably convenient time with DoP and the proponent to clarify any of the comments provided above and outlined in our attachment.

If you have any questions, or wish to discuss this matter further plasss contact Paul Wearns on 4224 4100.

Yourssinderely

22/12/06 PETER BLOEM

A/Manager Illawarra Environment Protection and Regulation

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ATTACHMENT 1

The Department of Environment and Conservation (DEC) considers that the draft Statement of Commitments (SOC) detailed in the Environmental Assessment (EA) should be adopted in the development of any proposed approval conditions. In addition, we have also provided the following additional commants and SOC to address issues that have arisen during DECs assessment of the development.

For the purpose of these comments the following terms have been adopted;

- Conservation area This is defined in the EA and refers to the area to the east of the site consisting of Littoral Rainforest and significant Aboriginal cultural heritage values including
- Compensatory package This refers to the overall conservation measures for the site including areas of remnant Endangerad Ecological Community (EEC) such as Swamp Solerophyd Forest, Bangalay Sand Forest, Littoral Rainforest and Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest. It also includes the conservation area and areas of rehabilitation and replanting at the site (the exact area of this package (s yet to be defined).

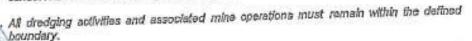
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Boundary of Extension Area

The footprint of the proposed extension area borders the conservation area and a remnant of Swamp Sclerophyll Forast which is an EEC. To avoid any potential adverse impacts to these areas we recommend that an adequate separation distance is maintained from the dredging activities/mine operations, DEC considers it crucial that the edge around these sensitive areas is managed to avoid such impacts. To address this issue we recommand the following additional SOCs: .

The boundary of the extension area must be clearly defined in consultation with a fully qualified ecologist prior to the commencement of any construction works to ensure that an al adequate buffer distance is maintained from the dredging activities/ mine operations to the conservation area and Swamp Sclerophyll Forest.



A monitoring program must be developed and documented in the QEMP to demonstrate that the defined boundary of the extension area is mainfained and not compromised during operations.

The buffer area should be revegalated with appropriate native species and should be subject to a vegetation management plan for inclusion in the QEMP for its long term restoration and management.

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DEC considers the remnant of Swamp Sclerophyll Forest adjoining the proposed extension area is regionally important. Swamp Solerophyll Forest is reliant upon a particular hydrology as defined in the Scientific Determination to exist. Information provided to DEC by the proponent and their ecological consultants during the exhibition process state that current sand mining process have had no significant effect on the ground water quality or level. In addition the current mine has had no significant impact on the adjoining vegetation health and its composition. On the basis of this Information, the proposal is unlikely to have a significant impact on this EEC. However to properly validate these conclusions we recommend the development and implementation of a groundwater monitoring program linked to an ecological assessment of the adjoining Swamp Sclerophyll Forest.

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We recommend the following additional SOC:

a) The proponent must develop and implement a groundwater monitoring program as part of the QEMP to demonstrate that dredging activities and associated mine operations will not result in any actual or potential impacts to ground waters and the Swamp Sclerophyll Forest, DEC must be consulted in the development of the plan.

Fauna habitat and movement, the East-West link The proposed sand quarry will sever an east-west link between Seven Mile Beach National Park and a remnant of Swamp Sclerophyll Forest which is situated on Cleary Bros land. This link is likely to be used by fauna as habitat and to move between the two areas. The importance of this linkege has also been highlighted by the recent (unconfirmed) sighting of a Koala in the local area.

The proponent has proposed to compensate for the severing of the east west link with revegetation of a link to the north and south of the proposed footprint which would enable fauna to move between the National Park and the remnant,

In relation to the koals, information provided in the EA indicates that there are some feed trees to the west and east of the site. While information held by DEC revealed that there has been no recorded sightings of koales in the adjoining Seven Mile Beach National Park, nor has DEC undertaken any survey work for this species, DEC considers that the re-establishment of linkages to the north and south of the site important elements for the project in regards to fauna movement and to act as compensatory habitat. In relation to the southern area this would involve continuation of current rehabilitation activities.

The shove measures, however, are dependent on the success of planting a highly modified and cleared area in the north of the site and the period of time it would take for this area to become established. In response to this issue, DEC requested the company provide information on an existing rehabilitated area planted in approximately 1993 located in the northern section of the current east west link in order to evaluate its success. A review of this information which included vegetation survey and site inspection revealed that the site was successfully regenerating.

The company has indicated that this should also be the case to the north of the site and that a replanted area should be able to act as a fauna habitat, and thus a suitable compensatory fauna comdor. In this regard we recommend that the complete removal of the cast west link should not occur until the northern and southern vegetated areas have been successfully established,

The submitted information also indicated that the existing link consisted mainly of Blackbuit trees containing very few hollows, however the site does contain a number of large Bangalay trees, Bangalay trees are known to contain large hollows and a higher concentration of hollows which provide potential for fauna habitat. The proposal includes removal of some Bangalay trees. To minimise impact to fauna during the removal of any potential habitat trees we recommend the development of a Tree Clearance Protocol as part of the QEMP. The aim of this measure is fo reduce the direct impacts to any tree dwelling fauna species during the construction phase.

To address the above issues we recommend the following SOCs:

A Tree Clearance Protocol must be developed by a suitably qualified person as part of the QEMP to reduce any direct impacts to any tree dwelling Threatened Species or arboreat a) manynels during the construction phase. The DEC must be consulted in the preparation of this protocol.

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The northern and southern rehabilitation areas must be established for fauna movement. to the satisfaction of DEC before the East West link is severed. b

The northern and southern revegstation areas must be monitored for regeneration success as part the QEMP. The DEC must be consulted in the preparation of this cmenitoring program.

The original proposed companisatory package in the EA did not fully satisfy DEC guidelines. Recent discussions between DEC, Cleary Bros and their ecological consultants have revealed that the Swamp Sclarophyll Forest remnant will now be included as part of the compensatory package. The DEC considers this remnant as regionally significant and as such an appropriate offset for inclusion in the compensatory package. A subsequent report received from Perram and Pariners on 13 December 2006 confirms the remnant is to be included in the compensatory package. However the long term security of this remnant and other areas covered by the compensatory package is a major issue and is yet to be resolved. In this regard we recommend the following SOCE:

- Documentation must be developed defining both the area to be included in the compensatory package and associated management strategies for their protection. 0)
- The areas covered by the compensatory package must be secured for long ferm conservation prior to operations commancing through a means agreed to by the DoP 6) Cleary Bros and DEC.
- Any future development of the land must not compromise the compensatory package for c) this proposal.
 - Site Rehabilitation and End of Mine uses

DEC understands that Cleary Bros have numerous options for end of mine uses including a proposed golf course and iourist development. There is the potential that these proposals together with the proposed sand quany could have cumulative impacts on the environment. For this reason any end of mine uses must ensure any areas included in the compensatory package are protected.

While end of mine uses is an important consideration, DEC appreciates that a final land use may not yet be determined. Insepective DEC considers that rehabilitation should be staged to manage not only exposed areas of the site which contribute to wind blown dust emissions and polluted stommwater runoff, but also to contribute towards progressive revegetation over the life of the quarry. We also consider that opportunities exist as part of staged rehabilitation to implement programs to increase blodiversity values of the land such as the construction of shallow areas within and surrounding the edge of the pond to promote habit for fauna such as waiding birds. While a SOC has been recommended for progressive rehabilitation in accordance with the QEMP we recommend the following additional SOC to easist in guiding the development of this plan.

A site rehabilitation program must be developed by a suitably qualified person and documented as part of the QEMP. The DEC must be consulted in the preparation of this 2) program. The plan must :

Incorporate staged rehabilitation of the extraction area based on best 0.

- practice and appropriate guiding principles at the time of rehabilitatio;
- be consistent with the Department of Primary Industries Mineral Resources Rehabilitation and Mine Closure Environmental Policy Implementation (日) .
- detail practices that protects surface and groundwater from pollution (朝)

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- detail practices that maintains or improves blodiversity so there is no net impact on (M) threatened species or native vegetation
- detail practices that protects places, objects and features of significance to (v)Aboriginal people
- outline performance criteria/goals/principles for steged rehebilitation during the life (W) of the querry and post mining.

ABORIGINAL CULTURAL HERITAGE

Review of Aboriginal Cultural Heritaga Assessment

The site has important and significant aboriginal cultural heritage values. The proposal Involves the mining of the dune crest which contains aboriginal cultural heritage items comprised mainly of shell (pipi) midden and stone artefacts.

DEC has engaged in discussions with DoP, Cleary Bros and heritage consultants on numerous occasions in regards to the aboriginal cultural heritage values of the site. DEC also visited the site on 8 December 2006 with Cleary Bros and Navin Officer Heritage Consultants to assess and discuss the Aboriginal cultural heritage values. The EA states that the Jerrinia Local Aboriginal Land Council and Jerringa Consultants have been consulted in regards to the development. Local Aboriginal representatives were also on site during the archaeological subsurface testing program.

Previous reports have Identified Area A and Area B as areas of archaeological significance (Paton 1992), as shown in Figure 5.4 of the EA. These areas have been reassessed as part of this current proposal. In the original report by Paton the locations of Area A and Area B were sketched, however, precise grid references were not given. Cleary Bros had surveyors plot their locations based on Paton's descriptions (Navin Officer pers. comm.) and as such their locations may not be exact. Reassessment of these areas (Navin Officer 2006) have concluded that there was no material of archaeological significance in Area B , and as such it is likely that mining the proposed area of Area B will have minimal impact on Aboriginal cultural haritage values. Cleary Bros proposed to remove the conservation status for Area B to allow mining to occur in that area. They also propose that Area A be extended to include more of the dune crest and that this area be conserved through a long tem agreement.

The proposed send mining will destroy the pipi midden and any other objects of Aboriginal cultural heritage significance present on the dune, further reducing their occurrence within the Seven Mile Beach area, DEC considers these Aboriginal cultural heritage items significant both locally and regionally. In this regard we recommend that a suitable compensation strategy is developed to mitigate against the loss of Aboriginal cultural heritage in addition to the proposed archaeological salvage and conservation of Area A. This compensation strategy should be prepared in consultation with DEC, the DoP, the local Aboriginal community and Cleary Bros. In this regard we recommend that the following additional SOC be added:

- The compensation strategy for the mining of areas containing Aboriginal cultural heritage objects must be negotiated prior to operations commencing to the satisfaction of DEC, the 2) DoP, the local aboriginal community and Cleary Bros.
- The recommendations provided in the report by Navin Officer Henlage Consultants in b) Appendix L of the Environmental Assessment must be followed.
- The compensatory package must include the area labelled "Area A" in figure 5.4 of the EA and must be secured for long term conservation prior to operations commencing through a e) means agreed on by DEC, the DoP and Cleary Bros.
- DEC be consulted regarding the research design for the archaeological salvage work that \vec{c} is to be undertaken prior to further sand mining.

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- e) Consultation with the Aboriginal community should be ongoing. The Aboriginal community must be provided with notification of development approvals and requirements as they relate to Aboriginal heritage and be invited to contribute to any further heritage management activities including the archaeological selvage and management of Area A.
- Once the erchaeological salvage is complete, DECs AHIMS register must be provided with updated site information.
- g) As per the Navin Officer report, the protocol for Human Skeletal Remains must be followed.

The section identified as 'Area A' in Figure 5.4 of the EA has been identified to conserve some of the cultural heritage and threatened species values on site. It is understood that weed eradication and other rehabilitation works will occur in this area. Due to the aboriginal cultural heritage values of Area A the DEC consider it important that any disruption to the area is minimized. In this regard we recommend the following additional SOCs be added:

- h) The Environmental Management Plan that is to be developed for conservation Area A must include consideration for the protection of Aboriginal heritage items within that area. The management plan should be developed in consultation with the Aboriginal community (Jerrinja LALC and Jerrinja Consultants) and a suitably qualified archeeologist.
- Any vegetation clearing or other maintenance works within Area A must be undertaken in consultation with the local Aboriginal community.
- f) Should any impacts occur within Area A as a result of sand mining related activities (such as prosion impacts) DEC and the Aboriginal community must be advised immediately so as to develop an appropriate strategy to minimise impacts.

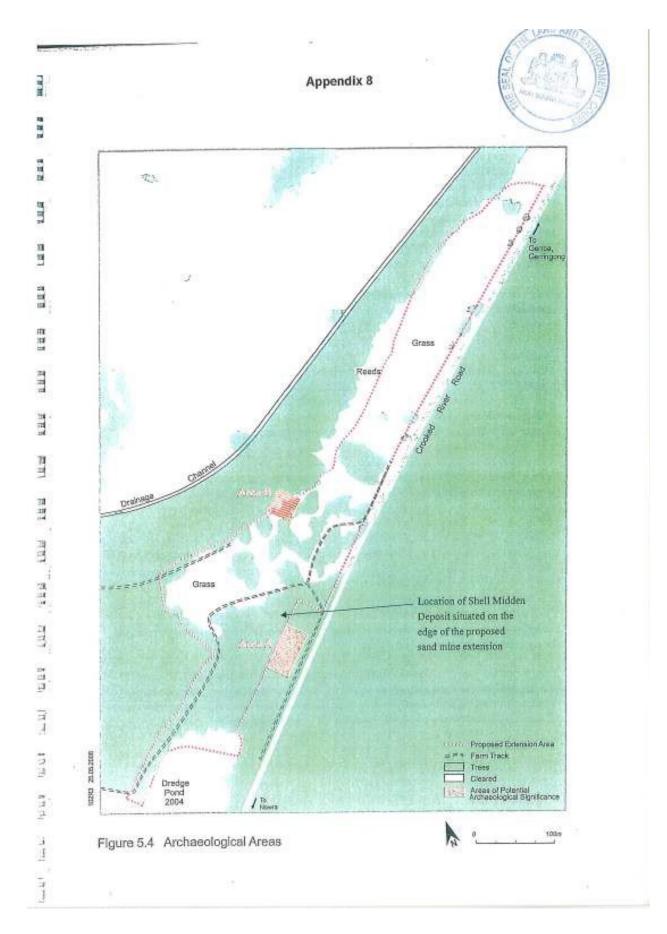
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APPENDIX 8 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AREAS

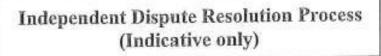


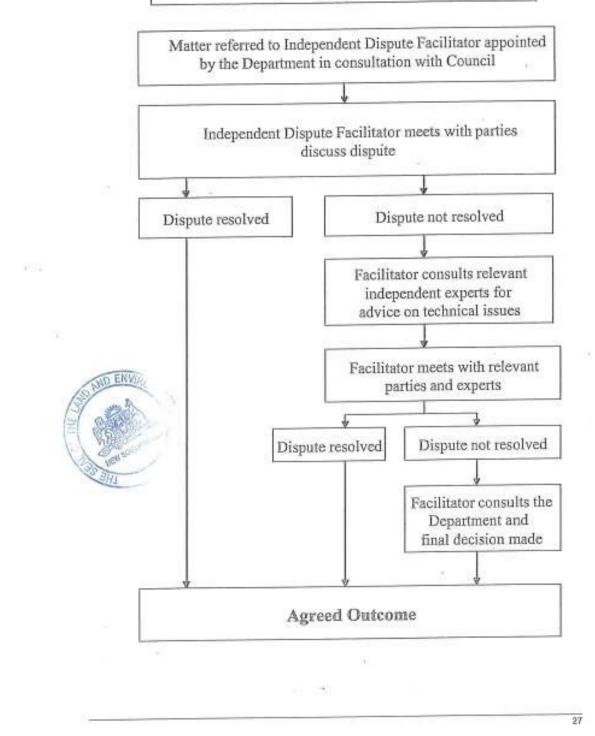
Cultural Heritage Sites relating to the Modification 1 – Extraction Area



APPENDIX 9 INDEPENDENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS

APPENDIX 9 INDEPENDENT DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS





APPENDIX 10 FLOOD MITIGATION BUNDS

